

Project: Technical assistance to improve implementation of food safety standards and disease crisis preparedness

#### **Training course: Movement**

Lecturer: Blagojcho Tabakovski

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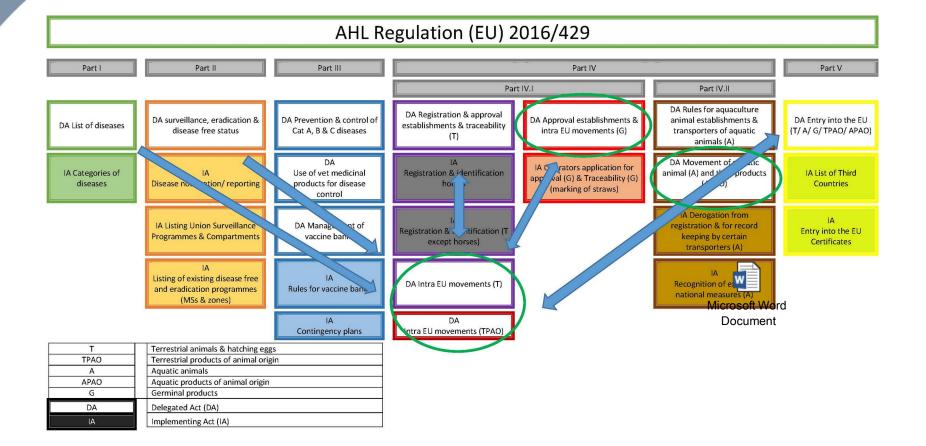
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### CONTENT



- EU Regulation
- Animal health rules for movement of animals
- Bovine, ovine, caprine,
- Poultry and hatching eggs,
- Other animals
- Wild animals

### AHL – underpinning legal frame





# Movements of kept terrestrial animals and hatching eggs (T)



- AHL, Part IV, Title I, Chapter 3
- Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688
- Before:
  - Council Dire
    porcine anj
  - Council Dire animals
  - Council Directive
  - Council Dir hatching eg
  - Council Directore 92/65/EEC on trade wother animals»

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# Movements of kept terrestrial animals and hatching eggs



- AHL, Part IV, Title I, Chapter 3, Section 1
- Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part II, Chapter 1
- Eradication programmes and disease-free status
- From establishment to establishment
- From establishment to slaughterhouse

### General principles for all movements



#### AHL, Part IV, Title 1, Chapter 3, Section 1

- Applies to movements within and between Member States
- Movements shall not jeopardise the health status at the place of destination
  - Operators are responsible
  - Applies to all kept animals
  - Listed diseases (point (d) of Article 9(1)) and emerging diseases
- Animals shall come from registered or approved establishments
- Animals shall fulfil the identification and registration requirements

# transport



- AHL, Part IV, Title I, Chapter 3, Section 1
- Regulation (EU) 2020/688Part II, Chapter 1
- Applies to movements within and between Member States
- The health status shall not be jeopardised during transport
- The transport shall not cause potential spread of listed diseases
- Biosecurity measures for transport operations
- Requirements regarding means of transport and containers
  - Construction
  - Cleaning and disinfection

### Movements to another Member State



- AHL, Part IV, Title I, Chapter 2, Section 2
- General requirements for:
  - The animals
  - The establishment of origin
  - Direct movement to the place of destination
- Obligations of operators at the place of destination:
  - Check identification and documentation of animals
  - Check the animal health certificates
  - Inform competent authorities of irregularities and take measures

### Specific requirements



- AHL, Part IV, Title I, Chapter 3, Section 3
- The animals
  - Show no clinical symptoms or signs of listed diseases
  - Have been subject to a residency period
  - They do not pose a significant risk of spreading listed diseases
    - The health status of the establishment of origin and of destination
    - Test results in order to provide guarantees
    - The application of vaccines or other prevention or risk-mitigating measures

### Other specific requirements



#### • Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part II, Chapter 1, Section 2 and 3

- In relation to vaccination
  - In case vaccination against a cat A disease is introduced, the animals and hatching eggs moved to another MS shall fulfil the specific conditions laid down
- For operators of slaughterhouses
  - Animals received from another MS shall be slaughtered within 72 hours of arrival
  - Animals «not safe» regarding Bluetongue received from another MS shall be slaughtered within 24 hours of arrival

## Requirements for bovines (I)



#### Regulation (EU) 2020/688, Part II, Chapter 2, Section 1

- Residency period 30 days, no contact with lower health status
- Requirements for brucellosis and tuberculosis
  - from free establishments, situated in free zones or the animals are tested
- From an establishment where there has been no report of
  - rabies and surra for 30 days and anthrax for 15 days
- epizootic haemorrhagic disease for 2 years in an area of 150 km
- «Safe» regarding Bluetongue
- Derogations under conditions if MS of destination gives consent

## Requirements for bovines (II)



#### Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part II, Chapter 2, Section 1

#### • Additional guarantees for C-diseases

- To zones free from or with an approved programme for EBL, IBR, BVD or Bluetongue
- Derogations for slaughter animals
  - Derogation from recidency period
  - From an establishment free from brucellosis (with or without vaccination) and tuberculosis, or the animals are tested
  - From an establishment where there has been no report of
    - rabies and bluetongue for 30 days and anthrax for 15 days

### Other animals



- Regulation (EU) 2020/688, Part II, Chapter 2 Section
- Ovines and caprines (Section 2)
- Porcines (Section 3)
- Equines (Section 4)
- Camelids (Section 5)
- Cervids (Section 6)
- Other ungulates (Section 7)

## Specific rules regarding Bluetongue



- Main rule: Only "safe" animals can be moved
  - At least one of points 1-3 of Section 1 of Chapter 2 of Part II of Annex V to Regulation (EU) 2020/689
- Derogations if MS of destination gives consent
  - Under specific conditions if MS/zone of destination is free or with approved eradication programme
  - MS/zone not free nor with programme may give consent without conditions
- Biosecurity and risk-mitigating measures during transport
  - To protect "safe" animals transported through not free areas
  - To protect MS/zones free or with programme when "not safe" animals are transported through

### Breeding poultry and productive poultry



#### Regulation (EU) 2020/688, Part II, Chapter 3, Section 1

#### Residency period in approved establishment:

- since hatching, or
- 42 days or 21 days (for restocking supplies of game birds) prior to departure
- Requirements for Salmonella Pullorum, S. Gallinarum, S. arizonae, Mycoplasma gallisepticum, M. meleagridis
- No LPAI outbreak in the flock of origin in the last 21 days
- No clinical signs in the flock
- No contact with birds of lower health status during 21 days (productive poultry for restocking supplies of game birds)
- Testing for HPAI (ducks and geese)

# Hatching eggs of poultry



#### Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part II, Chapter 3, Section 2

- Approved establishment
- Flock of origin:
  - Residency period in approved establishment:
    - since hatching, or
    - 42 days prior to collection of eggs
  - Requirements for Salmonella Pullorum, S. Gallinarum, S. arizonae, Mycoplasma gallisepticum, M. meleagridis
  - No clinical signs
- Disinfected
- Individually marked with the approval number of the establishment of the flock of origin

## Other poultry



- Regulation (EU) 2020/688, Part II, Chapter 3, Section 1 and 2
- Poultry intended for slaughter
- Day-old chicks of poultry
  - Obligation of the CA of origin to inform the CA of destination in case of day-old chicks hatched from eggs from authorised third countries or territories (link to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692)
- Less than 20 heads of poultry other than ratites
- Less than 20 hatching eggs of poultry other than ratites
- Specified pathogen-free eggs

Vaccination against infection with Newcastle disease virus



#### Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part II, Chapter 3, Section 3 and 4

- Applicable to:
  - all categories of live poultry
  - hatching eggs of poultry (not relevant for SPF eggs)
- Vaccination against infection with Newcastle disease virus:
  - Criteria for vaccines (Annex VI)
  - Additional requirements for movements to MSs with status free without vaccination

Movements of ungulates and poultry to another MS through assembly operations



- AHL, Part IV, Title I, Chapter 3, Section 4
- Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part II, Chapter 4

## Assembly operations



- AHL, Part IV, Title I, Chapter 3, Section 4 Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part II, Chapter 4
- By way of derogation from Article 126(2), operators may subject kept ungulates and poultry to a maximum of three assembly operations during a movement from a Member State of origin to another Member State
- Timeframes:
  - Each animal shall leave the MS of origin within 14 days
  - Each animal reach the final establishment of destination within 20 days
- Only on an establishment approved for assembly operations
  - MS of origin may allow an assembly operation on a means of transport
- Disease prevention measures



- Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part II, Chapter 8, Section 3
- Issuing of the certificate (after documentary, identity and physical checks and examinations)
  - in the establishment of origin (when the animals go directly to an assembly operation in another MS, or are assembled on a means of transport and moved directly to another MS)
  - in an establishment approved for assembly operations before moved to another MS
  - in an establishment approved for assembly operations in a MS of passage (based on information in certificates issued in the MS of origin)

### Movement other animals



- Specific requirements for movements of other than ungulates and poultry to another MS
- AHL, Part IV, Chapter 3, Section 5
- Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part II, Chapter 5
- Primates (Section 1)
- Bees (Section 2)
- Dogs, cats and ferrets (Section 3)
- Other carnivores (Section 4)
- Captive birds and hatching eggs of captive birds (Section 5)

# Requirements for captive birds and hatching eggs thereof



- Regulation (EU) 2020/688, Part II, Chapter 5
- Captive birds
- Residency period in a registered or confined establishment: since hatching or 21 days prior to departure
- No clinical signs in animals and flock
- Birds from third countries should have been quarantined (link to DR 2020/692)
- Psittacidae:
  - Avian chlamydiosis
  - Identification
- Hatching eggs
  - Registered or confined establishment
  - No clinical signs in flock
- Vaccination against infection with Newcastle disease virus

### Derogations and supplementing measures



#### • AFIL, Part IV, Title I, Chapter 3, Section 6

- Movements into confined establishments
  - From "normal" establishment into a confined establishment
    - more possibilities to quarantine incoming animals
  - From a confined establishment to a confined establishment in another MS
    - "from bubble to bubble", for all species covered by Regulation (EU) 2020/688
- Movements of travelling circuses and animal acts to another MS
  - largely the same, BT requirements added
  - no certification: itinerary, movement document and identification documents (passports)

# Requirements for captive birds intended for exhibitions



- Move to an exhibition in another MS
  - Requirements for the movement of captive birds (DR (EU) 2020/688, Part II, Chapter 5, Section 5)
- Operators of the exhibition shall ensure
- Registration of captive birds in advance of the exhibition
- Participation of captive birds from the MS of the exhibition should not jeopardise the health status of the birds from other MSs
- Presence of veterinarian (identity and clinical checks)
- Move out of the exhibition:
- To a MS other than the MS of origin:
- veterinary certificate issued by the CA of the MS of the exhibition
- To the MS of origin:
- veterinary certificate issued by the CA of the MS of the exhibition
- valid original certificate from the MS of origin + declaration of the veterinarian
- birds of prey (flight hunting exhibitions): valid original certificate from the MS of origin

### Wild terrestrial animals



#### AHL, Part IV, Title I, Chapter 4

- Movement of wild animals from a habitat in one Member State to a habitat or an establishment in another Member State shall not pose a significant risk for the spread of listed diseases
- The habitat of origin shall not be in a restricted zone
- The movement shall be notified and the wild animals accompanied by an animal health certificate
- The competent authority of the Member State of origin and of destination have agreed to such movement

## Wild terrestrial animals



#### • Regulation (EU) 2020/688 Part III

- The wild animals shall be loaded directly onto a means of transport and taken directly to a habitat or establishment in another Member State
- Biosecurity measures for transport operations
  - Requirements regarding means of transport and containers
    - Construction
    - Cleaning and disinfection
- Species specific animal health requirements





#### Project e-mail: foodsafetyprojectTCc@gmail.com

## THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION







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